

by Schneider Electric

## PSS 1-6H2 A en

Foxboro<sup>®</sup> Model IMT31A Magnetic Flow Signal Converter



The IMT31A magnetic flow signal converter can be used with 9500A and 9600A magnetic flow sensors.

- Simple and easy to install and start-up
- Diagnostics of device and application
- Extremely fast signal conversion



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# 1.1 The more than economical solution

The **IMT31A** electromagnetic signal converter is designed to measure the flow velocity, conductivity, volume and mass flow of electrically conductive, liquid media.

The signal converter can be combined with any measuring sensor, making it very widely used. In terms of available housing versions, there is a compact variant, in which the signal converter is connected to the measuring sensor, as well as a 0° and 45° version. If the measuring point is difficult to access or the ambient conditions prevent the use of the compact variant, the signal converter is available in a wall-mounted housing.

The **IMT31A** was designed for applications requiring an economical measuring solution with a high level of technology.



(signal converter in wall-mounted housing)

- ① Large backlit graphic display with 4 push buttons to operate the signal converter without having to open the housing
- (2) Supply voltage: 100...230 VAC (standard) and 24 VDC or 24 VAC/DC (optional)
- ③ Communication with any third party system possible via Foundation Fieldbus or Modbus

### Highlights

- Simple installation and start-up
- Available inputs and outputs: Current output (incl. HART<sup>®</sup>), pulse/frequency output, status output and control input
- Large backlit graphic display with intuitive operation
- A variety of operating languages integrated as standard
- Maintenance free
- Excellent price/performance ratio
- Extremely quick signal conversion
- Higher accuracy by extended calibration

### Industries

- Water & Wastewater
- Agriculture
- Heating, Ventilation & Air Conditioning (HVAC)
- Machinery
- Power plants

### Applications

- Measuring homogeneous media
- Water distribution networks and spray-irrigation systems
- Water treatment
- Environmental technology

#### IMT31A

# 1.2 Options and variants

### Modular converter concept



(Compact version as 45° version)

### Compact design in various versions

Despite its somewhat different appearance, the IMT31A has many of the same functions as its "big brother" IMT33A. Diagnostic function, conductivity measurement and simple navigation to name but a few.

This latest member of the converter family also has a large number of fully-developed functions:

- various power supply versions (AC, DC, AC/DC)
- HART<sup>®</sup> as standard
- Foundation Fieldbus or Modbus
- optional Ex version available

The IMT31A C in the 0° version is ideal for installation in vertical pipelines.

On the other hand, the 45° version improves the readability of the display in specific applications.

The backlit display provides excellent readability from long distances. The 4 push buttons make operation, start-up and configuration simple.

In the 0° version, the signal converter can be rotated in 90° increments allowing for customer-specific installation position. The 45° version can only be rotated in 180° increments.



(Compact version as 0° version)

# PRODUCT FEATURES

### Remote version in wall-mounted housing



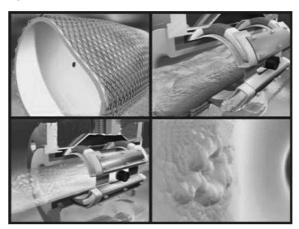
For temperature effects, vibration or in places that are difficult to access, remote installation is possible with the IMT31A W.

A signal cable is used to connect the measuring sensor and the converter for the purposes of power supply and signal processing.

The electronics can be used in all housing versions without having to be reconfigured.

#### (signal converter in wall-mounted housing)

#### Diagnostics



The IMT31 has been equipped with a wide variety of diagnostic tools for device function and application check.

- Conductivity measurement
- Electrode error
- Process or ambient temperature too high

# 1.3 Measuring principle

An electrically conductive fluid flows inside an electrically insulated pipe through a magnetic field. This magnetic field is generated by a current, flowing through a pair of field coils. Inside of the fluid, a voltage U is generated: U = v \* k \* B \* D

in which:

- v = mean flow velocity
- k = factor correcting for geometry
- B = magnetic field strength
- D = inner diameter of flowmeter

The signal voltage U is picked off by electrodes and is proportional to the mean flow velocity v and thus the flow rate q. A signal converter is used to amplify the signal voltage, filter it and convert it into signals for totalizing, recording and output processing.

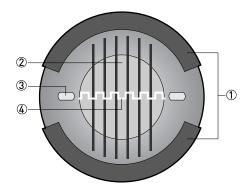


Figure 1-1: Measuring principle

- ① Field coils
- Magnetic field
- ③ Electrodes
- ④ Induced voltage (proportional to flow velocity)

# 2.1 Technical data

- The following data is provided for general applications. If you require data that is more relevant to your specific application, please contact us or your local sales office.
- Additional information (certificates, special tools, software,...) and complete product documentation can be downloaded free of charge from the website.

#### Measuring system

Measuring principle	Faraday's law of induction
Application range	Continuous measurement of current volume flow, flow velocity, conductivity, mass flow (at constant density), coil temperature of the flow sensor

#### Design

Modular construction	The measuring system consists of a flow sensor and a signal converter.	
Flow sensor		
9500A	DN251200 / 148"	
9600A	DN2.5150 / 1/106"	
	All flow sensors are also available in an Ex version.	
Signal converter		
Compact version (C)	9500A & 9600A with IMT31A <b>C</b> (0° & 45° version)	
Wall-mounted remote version (W)	IMT31A <b>W</b>	
	All signal converters are also available in an Ex version.	
Options		
Outputs	Current output (incl. HART <sup>®</sup> ), pulse output, frequency output, status output and/or limit switch	
Counter	2 internal counters with a max. of 10 counter places (e.g. for counting volume and/or mass units)	
Verification	Integrated verification, diagnostic functions: measuring device, empty pipe detection, stabilisation	
Communication interfaces	HART <sup>®</sup> as standard	
	Foundation Fieldbus, Profibus PA/DP or Modbus	

Display and user interface		
Graphic display	LC display, backlit white.	
	Size: 128 x 64 pixels, corresponds to 59 x 31 mm = 2.32" x 1.22"	
	Ambient temperatures below -25°C / -13°F may affect the readability of the display.	
Operating elements	4 push buttons for operator control of the signal converter without opening the housing.	
Remote control	PACTware <sup>TM</sup> (including Device Type Manager (DTM))	
	HART <sup>®</sup> Communicator	
	AMS <sup>®</sup>	
	All DTMs and drivers are available free of charge from the manufacturer's website.	
Display functions		
Operating menu	Setting the parameters using 2 measuring pages, 1 status page, 1 graphic page (measured values and graphics are freely adjustable)	
Language display texts (as language package)	Standard: English, French, German, Dutch, Portuguese, Swedish, Spanish, Italian	
	Eastern Europe: English, Slovenian, Czech, Hungarian	
	Northern Europe: English, Danish, Polish, Finnish, Norwegian	
	Southern Europe: English, Turkish	
	China: English, German, Chinese	
	Russia: English, German, Russian	
Units	Metric, British and US units selectable as required from lists for volume / mass flow and counting, flow velocity, electrical conductivity, temperature	

### Measuring accuracy

Reference conditions	Medium: water
	Temperature: +20°C / +68°F
	Pressure: 1 bar / 14.5 psi
	Inlet section: ≥ 5 DN
Maximum measuring error	Standard calibration: +0.3% of the measured value +1 mm/s, depending on the flow sensor
	Extended calibration is selectable and special calibrations are available on request.
	For detailed information and accuracy curves, refer to chapter "Accuracy".
	Current output electronics: ±10 µA; ±100 ppm/°C (typically: ±30 ppm/°C)
Repeatability	±0.1%

# **Operating conditions**

Temperature		
Process temperature	Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.	
Ambient temperature	Depending on the version and combination of outputs.	
	It is a good idea to protect the signal converter from external heat sources such as direct sunlight as higher temperatures reduce the life cycle of all electronic components.	
	Ambient temperatures below -25°C / -13°F may affect the readability of the display.	
Storage temperature	-40+70°C / -40+158°F	
Pressure		
Medium	Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.	
Ambient pressure	Atmospheric	
Chemical properties		
Electrical conductivity	All media except for water: $\geq 5~\mu\text{S/cm}$ (also refer to the technical data for the flow sensor)	
	Water: $\geq$ 20 µS/cm	
State of aggregation	Conductive, liquid media	
Solid content (volume)	≤ 10%	
Gas content (volume)	≤ 3%	
Flow rate	For detailed information, refer to chapter "Flow tables".	
Other conditions		
Protection category acc. to IEC 529 / EN 60529	IP66/67 (acc. to NEMA 4/4X)	

### Installation conditions

Installation	For detailed information, refer to chapter "Installation conditions".	
Inlet / outlet sections	Refer to technical data for the flow sensor.	
Dimensions and weight	For detailed information refer to chapter "Dimensions and weight".	

### **Materials**

Signal converter housing	Aluminum with a polyester topcoat
Flow sensor	For housing materials, process connections, liners, grounding electrodes and gaskets, refer to technical data for the flow sensor.

## **Electrical connection**

General	Electrical connection is carried out in conformity with the VDE 0100 directive "Regulations for electrical power installations with line voltages up to 1000 V" or equivalent national specifications.	
Power supply	100230 VAC (-15% / +10%), 50/60 Hz; non-Ex: standard; Ex: optional 240 VAC + 5% is included in the tolerance range.	
	24 VDC (-55% / +30%); only available as non Ex version 12 VDC - 10% is included in the tolerance range.	
	24 VAC/DC (AC: -15% / +10%; DC: -25% / +30%); non-Ex: standard; Ex: optional 12 V is <b>not</b> included in the tolerance range.	
Power consumption	AC: 7 VA	
	DC: 4 W	
Signal cable	Only necessary for remote versions.	
	<b>DS 300 (type A)</b> Max. length: 600 m / 1968 ft (dep. on electrical conductivity and flow sensor)	
Cable entries	Standard: M20 x 1.5 (812 mm)	
	Option: ½ NPT, PF ½	

## Outputs

General	All outputs are electrically isolated from each other and from all other circuits.	
	All operating data and output values can be adjusted.	
Description of abbreviations	U <sub>ext</sub> = external voltage; R <sub>L</sub> = load + resistance; U <sub>0</sub> = terminal voltage; I <sub>nom</sub> = nominal current	

Output data	Volume flow, mass flow, diagn conductivity	Volume flow, mass flow, diagnostic value, flow velocity, coil temperature, conductivity	
Settings	Without HART <sup>®</sup>	Without HART®	
	Q = 0%: 020 mA; Q = 100%: 1	Q = 0%: 020 mA; Q = 100%: 1021.5 mA	
	Error identification: 2022 mA	Error identification: 2022 mA	
		With HART®	
	Q = 0%: 420 mA; Q = 100%: 1	Q = 0%: 420 mA; Q = 100%: 1021.5 mA	
	Error identification: 322 mA		
Operating data	Basic I/Os	Ex i I/Os	
Active	U <sub>int, nom</sub> = 20 VDC	-	
	I ≤ 22 mA		
	$R_L \le 750 \ \Omega$		
	HART <sup>®</sup> at terminals A		
Passive	$U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$	$U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$	
	l ≤ 22 mA	I ≤ 22 mA	
	$U_0 \ge 2 V \text{ at } I = 22 \text{ mA}$	$U_0 \ge 4 V$	
	$R_L \leq (U_{ext} - U_0) / I_{max}$	$R_{L} \leq (U_{ext} - U_{0}) / I_{max}$	
		$ \begin{array}{l} U_{i} = 30 \ V \\ I_{i} = 130 \ \text{mA} \\ P_{i} = 1 \ W \\ C_{i} = 10 \ \text{nF} \\ L_{i} \sim 0 \ \text{mH} \end{array} $	
	HART <sup>®</sup> at terminals A	HART <sup>®</sup> at terminals C	
HART <sup>®</sup>		1	
Description	HART <sup>®</sup> protocol via active and	HART <sup>®</sup> protocol via active and passive current output	
	HART <sup>®</sup> version: V5	· · · · ·	
	Universal Common Practice H	Universal Common Practice HART <sup>®</sup> parameter: completely supported	
Load	$\geq$ 250 $\Omega$ at HART <sup>®</sup> test point; Note maximum load for currer	$\geq$ 250 $\Omega$ at HART <sup>®</sup> test point; Note maximum load for current output!	
Multi-drop mode	Yes, current output = 4 mA	Yes, current output = 4 mA	
	Multi-drop address adjustable	Multi-drop address adjustable in operation menu 115	
Device drivers	Available for HART <sup>®</sup> Communi	Available for HART <sup>®</sup> Communicator, AMS <sup>®</sup> , FDT/DTM	
Registration (HART Communicat Foundation)	ion Yes	Yes	

Pulse output / frequency output			
Output data	Pulse output: volume flow, mass flow		
	Frequency output: volume flow, mass flow, diagnostic value, flow velocity, coil temperature, conductivity		
Function	Can be set as a pulse output or frequency output		
Pulse rate/frequency	0.2510000 Hz		
	For Modbus I/0: 0.251000 Hz		
Settings	Pulses per volume or mass unit or	max. frequency for 100% flow	
	Pulse width: adjustable as automat	tic, symmetric or fixed (0.052000 ms)	
Operating data	Basic I/Os	Ex i I/Os	
Passive	$U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$	-	
	$f_{max}$ in operating menu set to $f_{max} \le 100$ Hz:		
	I ≤ 100 mA		
	open: I $\leq$ 0.05 mA at U <sub>ext</sub> = 32 VDC		
	closed: U <sub>0, max</sub> = 0.2 V at I $\leq$ 10 mA U <sub>0, max</sub> = 2 V at I $\leq$ 100 mA		
	f <sub>max</sub> in operating menu set to 100 Hz < f <sub>max</sub> ≤ 10 kHz:	-	
	l ≤ 20 mA		
	open: I $\leq$ 0.05 mA at U $_{ext}$ = 32 VDC		
	closed: $U_{0,\mbox{ max}}$ = 1.5 V at I $\leq$ 1 mA $U_{0,\mbox{ max}}$ = 2.5 V at I $\leq$ 10 mA $U_{0,\mbox{ max}}$ = 5.0 V at I $\leq$ 20 mA		
NAMUR	-	Passive to EN 60947-5-6	
		open: I <sub>nom</sub> = 0.77 mA	
		closed: I <sub>nom</sub> = 4.7 mA	
		$ \begin{array}{l} U_i = 30 \ V \\ I_i = 130 \ mA \\ P_i = 1 \ W \\ C_i = 10 \ nF \\ L_i = 0 \ mH \end{array} $	

Operating data	Modbus					
Passive	$U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$					
	$f_{max}$ in the operating menu set to $f_{max} \leq 1 \ kHz$ :					
	I ≤ 100 mA					
	open: I $\leq 0.05$ mA at U $_{ext}$ = 32 VDC					
	closed: $U_{0, max} = 0.2 \text{ V at I} \le 10 \text{ mA}$ $U_{0, max} = 2 \text{ V at I} \le 100 \text{ mA}$					
Low flow cut off						
Function	Switching point and hysteresis separately adjustable for each output, counter and the display					
Switching point	Set in increments of 0.1%.					
	020% (current output, frequency output) or 0±9.999 m/s (pulse output)					
Hysteresis	Set in increments of 0.1%.					
	05% (current output, frequency output) or 05 m/s (pulse output)					
Time constant						
Function	The time constant corresponds to the elapsed time until 67% of the end value has been reached according to a step function.					
Settings	Set in increments of 0.1 seconds.					
	0100 seconds					

Status output / limit switch		
Function and settings	Adjustable as automatic measurir counter overflow, error, switching	ng range conversion, display of flow direction, I point or empty pipe detection
	Valve control with activated dosing	g function
	Status and/or control: ON or OFF	
Operating data	Basic I/Os + Modbus	Ex i I/Os
Passive	$U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$	-
	I ≤ 100 mA	
	open: I $\leq$ 0.05 mA at U $_{ext}$ = 32 VDC	
	closed: $U_{0,\mbox{ max}}$ = 0.2 V at I $\leq$ 10 mA $U_{0,\mbox{ max}}$ = 2 V at I $\leq$ 100 mA	
NAMUR	-	Passive to EN 60947-5-6
		open: I <sub>nom</sub> = 0.77 mA
		closed: I <sub>nom</sub> = 4.7 mA
		$ \begin{array}{l} U_{i} = 30 \ V \\ I_{i} = 130 \ mA \\ P_{i} = 1 \ W \\ C_{i} = 10 \ nF \\ L_{i} = 0 \ mH \end{array} $
Control input		1
Function	Hold value of the outputs (e.g. for "zero", counter and error reset, ra	cleaning work), set value of the outputs to ange change.
	Start of dosing when dosing functi	ion is activated.
Operating data	Basic I/Os	Ex i I/Os + Modbus
Passive	$U_{ext} \le 32 \text{ VDC}$	-
	$\begin{split} I_{nom} &= 6.5 \text{ mA} \\ \text{at } U_{ext} &= 24 \text{ VDC} \\ I_{nom} &= 8.2 \text{ mA} \\ \text{at } U_{ext} &= 32 \text{ VDC} \\ \end{split}$	
	Contact open (off): $U_0 \le 2.5 \text{ V}$ with I <sub>nom</sub> = 0.4 mA	
FOUNDATION Fieldbus	1	1

Description	Galvanically isolated acc. to IEC 61158-2					
	Current consumption: 10.5 mA					
	Permissible bus voltage: 932 VDC; in Ex application: 924 VDC					
	Bus interface with integrated reverse polarity protection					
	Link Master function (LM) supported					
	Tested with Interoperable Test Kit (ITK) version 5.2					
Function blocks	3 x analogue input, 2 x integrator, 1 x PID					
Output data	Volume flow, mass flow, velocity, coil temperature, conductivity, electronics temperature					
Modbus						
Description	Modbus RTU, Master / Slave, RS485					
Address range	1247					
Broadcast	Supported with function code 16					
Supported Baud rate	1200, 2400, 3600, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 Baud					

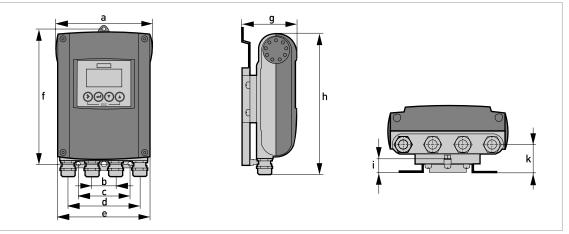
# Approvals and certificates

The device fulfils the statutory requirements of the EC directives. The manufacturer certifies that these requirements have been met by applying the CE marking.						
Standard						
Optional (only 9500A)						
II 2 G Ex e [ia] mb IIC T4 (DN1020; DN200300; DN3503000)						
II 2 G Ex d e [ia] mb IIC T4 (DN25150)						
II 2 G Ex e [ia] mb q T4/T3 (DN25150; DN200300)						
II 2 D Ex tD A21 IP64 T120 (all nominal sizes)						
Option (Wall-mounted version only)						
II 2 G Ex e [ia] mb IIC T4						
II 2 D Ex tD A21 IP64 T135						
Optional (only 9500A)						
Ex e [ia] mb IIC T4 (DN1020; DN200300; DN3503000)						
Ex d e [ia] mb IIC T4 (DN25150)						
Ex tD A21 IP64 T120°C (all nominal sizes)						
Option (Wall-mounted version only)						
Ex e [ia] mb IIC T4						
Ex tD A21 IP64 T135°C						
Optional (only 9500A)						
Class I, Div 2, Group A, B, C and D						
Option (Wall-mounted version only)						
Class I, Div 2, Group A, B, C and D						
·						
Ordinary location						
IEC 68-2-27, IEC 68-2-64						
2004/108/EC in conjunction with EN 61326-1 (A1, A2)						
PED 97/23 (only for compact versions)						
NE 21, NE 43, NE 53						

# 2.2 Dimensions and weights

# 2.2.1 Housing

### Wall-mounted version

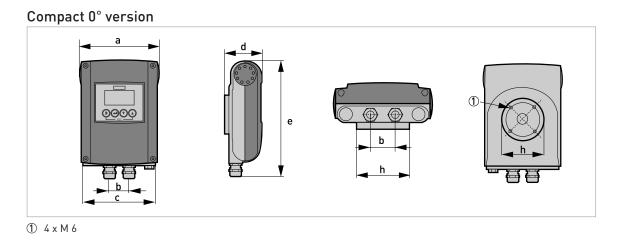


## Dimensions and weights in mm and kg

		Dimensions [mm]									Weight
	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	k	[kg]
Wall-mounted version	161	40	87.2	120	155	241	95.2	257	19.3	39.7	Std: 1.9 Ex: 2.4

### Dimensions and weights in inch and lb

		Dimensions [inch]									Weight
	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	k	[lb]
Wall-mounted version	6.34	1.57	3.43	4.72	6.10	9.50	3.75	10.12	0.76	1.56	Std: 4.2 Ex: 5.3



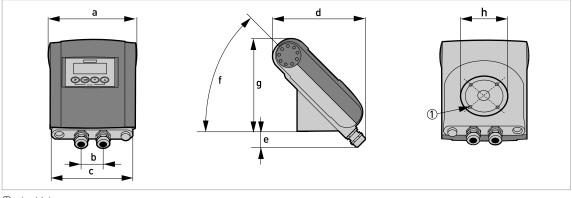
Dimensions and weights in mm and kg

	Dimensions [mm]								Weight
	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	[kg]
0° version	161	40	155	81.5	257	-	-	Ø72	Std: 1.9 Ex: 2.4

## Dimensions and weights in inch and lb

	Dimensions [inch]								Weight [lb]
	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	[[D]
0° version	6.34	1.57	6.1	3.21	10.12	-	-	Ø2.83	Std: 4.2 Ex: 5.3

Compact 45° version



① 4 x M 6

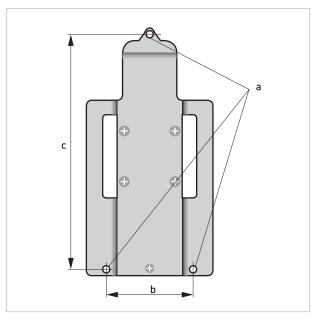
## Dimensions and weights in mm and kg

	Dimensions [mm]								Weight
	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	[kg]
45° version	161	40	155	184	27.4	45°	186	Ø72	Std: 2.1 Ex: 2.6

## Dimensions and weights in inch and lb

	Dimensions [inch]								Weight [lb]
	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	[[D]
45° version	6.34	1.57	6.10	7.24	1.08	45°	7.32	Ø2.83	Std: 4.6 Ex: 5.7

## 2.2.2 Mounting plate, wall-mounted version



### Dimensions in mm and inch

	[mm]	[inch]
а	Ø6.5	Ø0.26
b	87.2	3.4
c	241	9.5

# 2.3 Flow tables

Flow rate in m/s and m<sup>3</sup>/h

	Q <sub>100 %</sub> in m <sup>3</sup> /h							
v [m/s]	0.3	1	3	12				
DN [mm]	Min. flow	Nomir	Nominal flow					
2.5	0.005	0.02	0.05	0.21				
4	0.01	0.05	0.14	0.54				
6	0.03	0.10	0.31	1.22				
10	0.08	0.28	0.85	3.39				
15	0.19	0.64	1.91	7.63				
20	0.34	1.13	3.39	13.57				
25	0.53	1.77	5.30	21.21				
32	0.87	2.90	8.69	34.74				
40	1.36	4.52	13.57	54.29				
50	2.12	7.07	21.21	84.82				
65	3.58	11.95	35.84	143.35				
80	5.43	18.10	54.29	217.15				
100	8.48	28.27	84.82	339.29				
125	13.25	44.18	132.54	530.15				
150	19.09	63.62	190.85	763.40				
200	33.93	113.10	339.30	1357.20				
250	53.01	176.71	530.13	2120.52				
300	76.34	254.47	763.41	3053.64				
350	103.91	346.36	1039.08	4156.32				
400	135.72	452.39	1357.17	5428.68				
450	171.77	572.51	1717.65	6870.60				
500	212.06	706.86	2120.58	8482.32				
600	305.37	1017.90	3053.70	12214.80				
700	415.62	1385.40	4156.20	16624.80				
800	542.88	1809.60	5428.80	21715.20				
900	687.06	2290.20	6870.60	27482.40				
1000	848.22	2827.40	8482.20	33928.80				
1200	1221.45	3421.20	12214.50	48858.00				

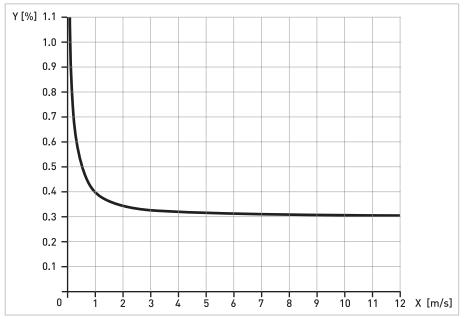
# Flow rate in ft/s and US gallons/min

		Q <sub>100 %</sub> in US	gallons/min						
v [ft/s]	1	3.3	10	40					
DN [inch]	Min. flow	in. flow Nominal flow							
1/10	0.02	0.09	0.23	0.93					
1/8	0.06	0.22	0.60	2.39					
1/4	0.13	0.44	1.34	5.38					
3/8	0.37	1.23	3.73	14.94					
1/2	0.84	2.82	8.40	33.61					
3/4	1.49	4.98	14.94	59.76					
1	2.33	7.79	23.34	93.36					
1.25	3.82	12.77	38.24	152.97					
1.5	5.98	19.90	59.75	239.02					
2	9.34	31.13	93.37	373.47					
2.5	15.78	52.61	159.79	631.16					
3	23.90	79.69	239.02	956.09					
4	37.35	124.47	373.46	1493.84					
5	58.35	194.48	583.24	2334.17					
6	84.03	279.97	840.29	3361.17					
8	149.39	497.92	1493.29	5975.57					
10	233.41	777.96	2334.09	9336.37					
12	336.12	1120.29	3361.19	13444.77					
14	457.59	1525.15	4574.93	18299.73					
16	597.54	1991.60	5975.44	23901.76					
18	756.26	2520.61	7562.58	30250.34					
20	933.86	3112.56	9336.63	37346.53					
24	1344.50	4481.22	13445.04	53780.15					
28	1829.92	6099.12	18299.20	73196.79					
32	2390.23	7966.64	23902.29	95609.15					
36	3025.03	10082.42	30250.34	121001.37					
40	3734.50	12447.09	37346.00	149384.01					
48	5377.88	17924.47	53778.83	215115.30					

# 2.4 Measuring accuracy

### **Reference conditions**

- Medium: water
- Temperature: +20°C / +68°F
- Pressure: 1 bar / 14.5 psi
- Inlet section:  $\geq 5 \text{ DN}$



X [m/s]: flow velocity

Y [%]: deviation from the actual measured value (mv)

Standard calibration	DN [mm]	DN [inch]	Accuracy	Curve
9500A / 9600A	101200	3/848	0.3% of mv + 1 mm/s	1
9600A	2.56	1/101/4	0.4% of mv + 1 mm/s	as ① + 0.1%

## 3.1 Intended use

The electromagnetic flowmeters are designed exclusively to measure the flow and conductivity of electrically conductive, liquid media.

*For devices used in hazardous areas, additional safety notes apply; please refer to the Ex documentation.* 

*If the device is not used according to the operating conditions (refer to chapter "Technical data"), the intended protection could be affected.* 

*This device is a Group 1, Class A device as specified within CISPR11:2009. It is intended for use in industrial environment. There may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in other environments, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.* 

## 3.2 Installation specifications

The following precautions must be taken to ensure reliable installation.

- Make sure that there is adequate space to the sides.
- Protect the signal converter from direct sunlight and install a sun shade if necessary.
- Signal converters installed in control cabinets require adequate cooling, e.g. by fan or heat exchanger.
- Do not expose the signal converter to intense vibrations. The measuring devices are tested for a vibration level in accordance with IEC 68-2-64.

## 3.3 Mounting of the compact version

*The signal converter is mounted directly on the flow sensor. For installation of the flowmeter, please observe the instructions in the supplied product documentation for the flow sensor.* 

# **3** INSTALLATION

# 3.4 Mounting the wall-mounted housing, remote version

Assembly materials and tools are not part of the delivery. Use the assembly materials and tools in compliance with the applicable occupational health and safety directives.

## 3.4.1 Wall mounting

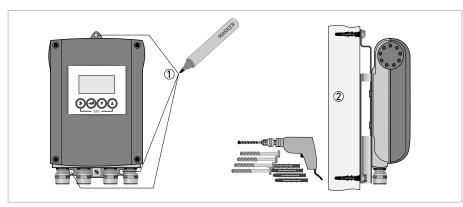
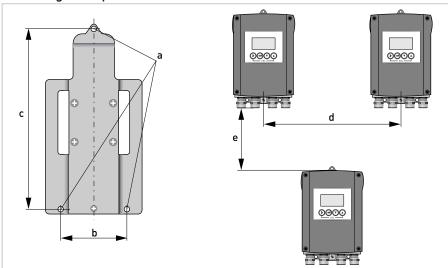


Figure 3-1: Mounting the wall-mounted housing

- ① Prepare the holes with the aid of the mounting plate. For further information refer to *Mounting plate, wall-mounted version* on page 21.
- 2 Fasten the device securely to the wall with the mounting plate.



Mounting multiple devices next to each other

	[mm]	[inch]
а	Ø6.5	Ø0.26
b	87.2	3.4
с	241	9.5
d	310	12.2
е	257	10.1

# **4** ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

## 4.1 Important notes on electrical connection

*Electrical connection is carried out in conformity with the VDE 0100 directive "Regulations for electrical power installations with line voltages up to 1000 V" or equivalent national regulations.* 

- Use suitable cable entries for the various electrical cables.
- The flow sensor and signal converter have been configured together at the factory. For this reason, please connect the devices in pairs.
- If delivered separately or when installing devices that were not configured together, set the signal converter to the DN size and GK/GKL of the flow sensor.

## 4.2 Preparing the signal and field current cables

Assembly materials and tools are not part of the delivery. Use the assembly materials and tools in compliance with the applicable occupational health and safety directives.

### 4.2.1 Signal cable A (type DS 300), construction

- Signal cable A is a double-shielded cable for signal transmission between the flow sensor and signal converter.
- Bending radius:  $\geq$  50 mm / 2"

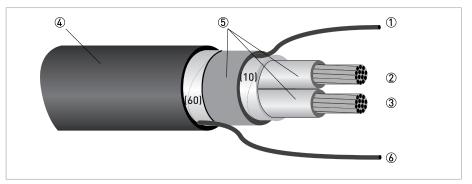


Figure 4-1: Construction of signal cable A

- ① Stranded drain wire (1) for the inner shield (10), 1.0 mm<sup>2</sup> Cu / AWG 17 (not insulated, bare)
- ② Insulated wire (2), 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Cu / AWG 20
- (3) Insulated wire (3), 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Cu / AWG 20
- ④ Outer sheath
- (5) Insulation layers
- (6) Stranded drain wire (6) for the outer shield (60)

### 4.2.2 Length of signal cable A

*For temperatures of the medium above 150° C / 300° F, a special signal cable and a ZD intermediate socket are necessary. These are available including the changed electrical connection diagrams.* 

Flow sensor	Nominal dia	ameter	Min. electrical	Curve for signal
	DN [mm]	[inch]	conductivity [µS/cm]	cable A
9500A	25150	16	20	A1
	2001200	848	20	A2
9600A	2.5150	1/106	5	A1

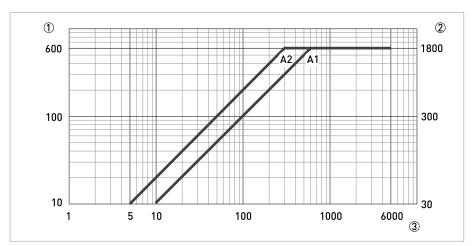


Figure 4-2: Maximum length of signal cable A

- ① Maximum length of signal cable A between the flow sensor and signal converter [m]
- 2 Maximum length of signal cable A between the flow sensor and signal converter [ft]
- 3 Electrical conductivity of the medium being measured [µS/cm]

### 4.2.3 Connection diagram for signal and field current cable

*The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.* 

- A shielded 2-wire copper cable is used as the field current cable. The shielding **MUST** be connected in the housing of the flow sensor and signal converter.
- The outer shield (60) is connected in the terminal compartment of the flow sensor directly via the shield and a clip.
- Bending radius of signal and field current cable: ≥ 50 mm / 2"
- The following illustration is schematic. The positions of the electrical connection terminals may vary depending on the housing version.

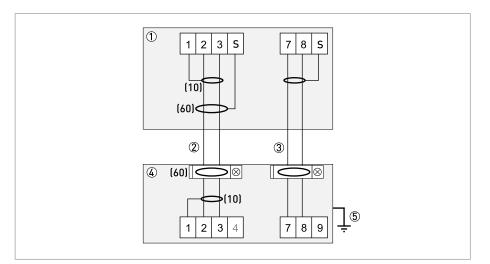


Figure 4-3: Connection diagram for signal and field current cable

- ① Electrical terminal compartment in the signal converter
- Signal cable A
- ③ Field current cable C
- (4) Electrical terminal compartment in the flow sensor
- 5 Functional ground FE

# 4.3 Connecting the power supply

*The device must be grounded in accordance with regulations in order to protect personnel against electric shocks.* 

- The housings of the devices, which are designed to protect the electronic equipment from dust and moisture, should be kept well closed at all times. Creepage distances and clearances are dimensioned to VDE 0110 and IEC 664 for pollution severity 2. Supply circuits are designed for overvoltage category III and the output circuits for overvoltage category II.
- Fuse protection ( $I_N \le 16 \text{ A}$ ) for the infeed power circuit, and also a separator (switch, circuit breaker) to isolate the signal converter must be provided.

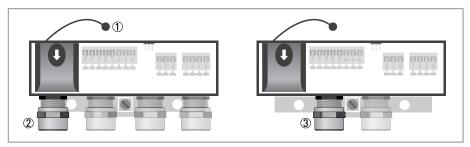


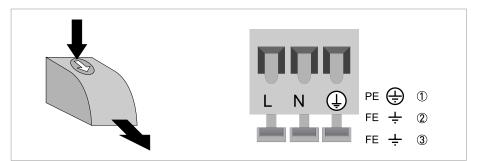
Figure 4-4: Terminal compartment for power supply

- ① Retaining band of the cover
- O Cable entry for power supply, remote version
- (3) Cable entry for power supply, compact version

#### Version overview

Version	Non-Ex	Ex
100230 VAC	Standard	Optional
24 VDC	Standard	-
24 VAC/DC	Standard	Optional

• Open the cover of the electrical terminal compartment by pressing down and pulling forwards at the same time.



#### Figure 4-5: Power supply connection

- 100...230 VAC (-15% / +10%), 8 VA
- 24 VDC (-55% / +30%), 4 W
- ③ 24 VAC/DC (AC: -15% / +10%; DC: -25% / +30%), 7 VA or 4 W
- Close the cover after the power has been connected.

#### 100...230 VAC (tolerance range: -15% / +10%)

• Note the power supply voltage and frequency (50...60 Hz) on the nameplate.

240 VAC + 5% is included in the tolerance range.

#### 24 VDC (tolerance range: -55% / +30%)

- Note the data on the nameplate!
- When connecting to functional extra-low voltages, provide a facility for protective separation (PELV) (acc. to VDE 0100 / VDE 0106 and/or IEC 364 / IEC 536 or relevant national regulations).

12 VDC - 10% is included in the tolerance range.

#### 24 VAC/DC (tolerance range: AC: -15% / +10%; DC: -25% / +30%)

- AC: Note the power supply voltage and frequency (50...60 Hz) on the nameplate.
- AC/DC: When connecting to functional extra-low voltages, provide a facility for protective separation (PELV) (acc. to VDE 0100 / VDE 0106 and/or IEC 364 / IEC 536 or relevant national regulations).

12 V is **not** included in the tolerance range.

# 4.4 Inputs and outputs, overview

### 4.4.1 Description of the CG number



Figure 4-6: Marking (CG number) of the electronics module and output variants

- ① ID number: 0
- ID number: 0 = standard; 9 = special
- Power supply
- Display (language versions)
- ⑤ Output version

### 4.4.2 Fixed, non-alterable output versions

This signal converter is available with various output combinations.

- The grey boxes in the tables denote unassigned or unused connection terminals.
- In the table, only the final digits of the CG no. are depicted.
- Connection terminal A+ is only operable in the basic output version.

#### Basic outputs (I/O) (Standard)

CG no.	Connection	terminals						
	С	C-	D	D-	S	A+	A-	
100	S <sub>p</sub> / C <sub>p</sub> passiv	ve 1)	P <sub>p</sub> / S <sub>p</sub> passiv	ve 1)	2		l <sub>p</sub> + HART <sup>®</sup> p	assive 3
						$I_a + HART^{ embed{maintensity}} a$	ctive ③	

① Function change by software

② Shielding

③ Function changed by reconnecting

#### Description of the used abbreviations

la	I <sub>p</sub>	Current output active or passive
Pp		Pulse/frequency output passive
Sp		Status output / limit switch passive
Cp		Control input passive

# 4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

### Ex i, Foundation Fieldbus and Modbus (I/O) (Option)

CG no.	Connection to	erminals												
	D	D-	S	С	C-	В	B-							
Ex i (Opt	ion)													
300														
FOUNDA	TION Fieldbu	ıs (Option)	` 	- -										
E 0 0	V/D+ (1)	V/D+ (2)	2	V/D- (1)	V/D- (2)									
Modbus	(Option)													
G 0 0	P <sub>p</sub> / S <sub>p</sub> passive		2	+3.3 V; 560 Ω	Common	Sign. A (D0-)	Sign. B (D1+)							
	<ol> <li>Function change by software</li> <li>Shielding</li> </ol>													

*Supplementary instructions related to the communication busses Foundation Fieldbus and Modbus are available on the website.* 

# 4.5 Laying electrical cables correctly

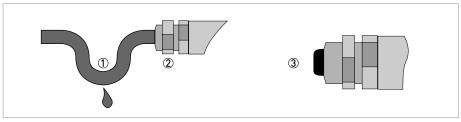


Figure 4-7: Protect housing from dust and water

- ① For compact versions with nearly horizontally-oriented cable entries, lay the necessary electric cables with a drip loop as shown in the illustration.
- ② Tighten the screw connection of the cable entry securely.
- ③ Seal cable entries that are not needed with a plug.

Model	Description
IMT31A	Foxboro <sup>®</sup> Model IMT31A Magnetic Flow Signal Converter
-4 -6 -B -C -N	<b>Type</b> IMT31A compact (0°) IMT31A compact (45°) IMT31A modular (0°, non Ex) IMT31A modular (45°, non Ex) IMT31A wall-mounted
1 4 A	Power supply 12-24 VDC (12-24 VDC) 24 VDC/AC (19-29 V) 100-230 VAC (85-250 VAC, 50/60 Hz)
0 2 5 A C G T U V W X Y	Ex version without - non Ex Ex zone 1 (terminal compartment "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) cFMus Class 1 DIV 2 (US) cCSAus OL cFMus Class 1 DIV 2 (Canada) IECEx zone 1 (terminal compartment "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) BE-Ex EAC (Belarus "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) RU-Ex EAC (Russia "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) RU-Ex EAC (Russia "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) RU-Ex EAC (Russia "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) RU-Ex EAC (Russia "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) RU EAC (Russia) KA EAC (Kazakhstan "e" - compact & wall) (9500A tubes only) BE EAC (Belarus)
4 5 6	Cable connection           ½" NPT           PF ½           M20 x 1.5
5 6 7 8 A B H K L X	Operating manual / operating language without / German without / English GB without / French without / Spanish without / Spanish without / astern Europe groupe (GB, CZ, HU, SI, SL, AL, BG & RO) without / northern Europe groupe (GB, DK, FI, LT, NO, PL, EE & LV) without / Italian without / Italian without / Portuguese without / Dutch without / Swedish without / Russian
0	Custody transfer without
0 C	Process diagnostics Standard Tropicalized electronics for non Ex (not for 12-24 VDC)
1	Signal converter housing Standard
1 E G	<b>Communication</b> Basic IO (4-20 mA / HART + pulse / frequency + status output) Fieldbus IO: Foundation Fieldbus IO RS485 Modbus
0	1st IO module without, no module possible
0	2nd IO module without, no module possible

# 5 MODEL CODE

Model	Description
0	Reference method Standard
0 2 3	<b>Tag plate (field &amp; wall only)</b> Standard 316/1.4401 tag plate (120 x 46 mm) 316/1.4401 tag plate (67 x 25 mm)
1 3* 4	<b>Manuals</b> German English French

\*: Standard

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#### ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 1. Model Number.

- 2. Flow Data:
  - a. Maximum, minimum, and normal flow rate.
  - b. Fluid composition and viscosity at operating temperatures.
  - c. Fluid density or relative density (specific gravity).
  - d. Maximum, minimum and normal operating temperatures.
  - e. Maximum, minimum and normal operating pressures.
  - f. Mating pipe schedule.
  - g. Type and location (distance) of upstream disturbance.
- 3. Calibration Information (analog output only); maximum flow rate 20 mA output.
- 4. Electric Classification.
- 5. Operational Selection and Accessories (see "Optional Selections and Accessories" section).
- 6. Customer Tag Data.

### FLOWEXPERTPRO SIZING APPLICATION

FlowExpertPro.com Mobile application





### **OTHER FOXBORO PRODUCTS**

The Foxboro product lines offer a board of measurement and instrument products, including solutions for pressure, flow, analytical, temperature, positioning, controlling and recording. For a list of these offerings, visit our website at:

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Global Customer Support Inside U.S.: 1-866-746-6477 Outside U.S.: 1-508-549-2424 **by Schneider** Electric Website: http://support.ips.invensys.com

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